# Exponential Growth and Decay Day 1

Grade: 9th		Subject: Algebra I; Exponents				
Materials: everyday classroom essentials		Technology Needed: computer or smart device				
Instructional		Guided Practices and Concrete Application:				
Strategies:	Peer	☐ Large group activity ☐ Hands-on				
Direct	teaching/collaboration/					
instruction	cooperative learning	☐ Independent activity ☐ Technology integration				
☐ Guided	□ Visuals/Graphic	☐ Pairing/collaboration ☐ Imitation/Repeat/Mimic				
practice	organizers	☐ Simulations/Scenarios				
□ Socratic	□ PBL	☐ Other (list)				
Seminar		Explain:				
☐ Learning	,					
Centers	☐ Modeling					
Lecture						
Technology						
<u>integration</u>						
☐ Other (list)						
Standard(s)		Differentiation				
HS.F-IF.8*		Below Proficiency: Students will be given notes and placed in				
equivalent forms to revea	by an expression in different but	groups where students will help them.				
and explain different prop						
		Above Proficiency: These students will need to lead the				
b. Use the properties of e	exponents to interpret expressions for	groups and teach others the problem they have chosen.				
exponential	oxponente la interpret expressione lei					
functions		Approaching/Emerging Proficiency: These students need to				
		be good teammates and will not need much accommodation.				
		<b></b>				
Objective(s)		Modalities/Learning Preferences: visual, social, auditory				
	and and apply their knowledge to	Wiodanties, Learning Frederices. Visual, Social, additory				
exponential growth as	nd decay functions.					
DI 1 T	6					
_	Cognitive Level: knowledge,					
analysis						
Classroom Manager		Behavior Expectations- (systems, strategies, procedures specific				
movement/transition		to the lesson, rules and expectations, etc.)				
	cards on their desks to assign	Students should work well in groups and be able to present as a				
	r lecture. Again, I will	team and communicate their ideas to the class.				
	proximity, and monitor groups					
and assisting when r	leeded.	Durandama				
Minutes 5	Procedures  Set-up/Prep: Set up notes, prepare colored cards, prepare video					
3	Set-up/Frep: Set up notes, prep	bare colored cards, prepare video				
	Engage (ananing activity/ anti-	ainatany Cat aggreg prior learning / stimulate interest /gangrate				
5	Engage: (opening activity/ anticipatory Set – access prior learning / stimulate interest /generate					
	questions, etc.) I will start the class by showing a short film that has a real application to exponential growth.					
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VcSX4ytEfcE I will demonstrate that this is exactly what we are					
	nttps://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vcsA4yte1ce_1 will demonstrate that this is exactly what we are talking about today. (exponential growth and decay).					
	taiking about today. (exponential growth and decay).					
	Evnlain: (concents procedures	vocabulary etc.)				
25	Explain: (concepts, procedures, vocabulary, etc.)					
23						

	Growth:	Decay:				
	$y = a(1+r)^x \qquad y$	$r = a(1-r)^x$				
	a = initial amount before measuring growth/decay					
	r = growth/decay rate (often a percent)					
	and Carlot and I					
	I will give the students the following handout. We will go over both growth and decay problems and how to use the handout out. So, we will start with an exponential growth problem:  Mr. Doll is getting ready to go on vacation. The day before he leaves he makes an incredible dish of Mac N Cheese. However, he forgets it on the counter. While Mr. Doll is away, there were 5 bacteria on the pasta to begin. Then, they increased by 200% in number every twelve hours. If Mr. Doll was gone for seven days, how many bacteria were on his Mac N Cheese when he returned.  With this example, the class and I will identify a= 5 r= 200% which I will emphasize needs to be a decimal (so in this case 2). Now x is a little tricky. Since it happens every 12 hours and there are 24 hours, it happens twice a day for seven days. So, x= 14. Then we will solve.  For Decay: Mr. Doll buys a new car while on vacation. However, his car depreciates in value by 10% every 6 months. He bought his car for \$32,000. How much would it cost after 5 years. Again, go through the same process and identify variables and walk the students through this problem.					
15	Explore: (independent, concreate practice/application with relevant learning task -connections from content to real-life experiences, reflective questions- probing or clarifying questions) This is when I will let the students get into groups of 2 or 3 and research or come up with an exponential growth or decay problem. I will explain that tomorrow they will have to present to the class and identify the different variables and walk the class through the calculations and how it applies to the problem.					
5	Review (wrap up and transition to next activity):  I will have the students pack up and tell them they will present their problems tomorrow in class. Also, they may have time to continue to work tomorrow before they present.					
Formative Assessment: (linked to objectives)  Summative Assessment (linked back to objectives)						
	ng throughout lesson-	End of lesson: The assessment will be the way the groups teach				
clarifying questions, check- in strategies, etc.		their specific p	roblem.			
	use clarifying questions, or have					
comes to the research	what their task is when is to	If applicab	le- overall unit, chapter, concept, etc.:			
comes to the research part.		The content of this lesson will be on the test.				
Consideration for Back-up Plan:						
I can lecture for longer if I feel the students are confused about the concept.						

Reflection (What went well? What did the students learn? How do you know? What changes would you make?):
How quick did students create or find a problem? Did they understand the problem and were able to explain it to the class?

### Day 2

Grade: 9th		Subject: Algebra I; exponents			
Materials: Everyday classroom essentials		Technology Needed: smart board, computers or smart device			
Instructional			Guided Practices and Concrete Application:		
Strategies: Direct instru Guide Socrat Learni Lectur Techn integr Other  Standard( HS.F-IF.8*	ction d practice tic Seminar ing Centers re clology ation (list) s)	Peer teaching/collaboration/ cooperative learning Visuals/Graphic organizers PBL Discussion/Debate Modeling	Large group activity Independent activity Pairing/collaboration Simulations/Scenarios Other (list) Explain:  Differentiation Below Proficiency: I will be	te Application:  Hands-on Technology integration Imitation/Repeat/Mimic  e sure to help these students repared to share when called	
and explain different properties of the function  b. Use the properties of exponents to interpret expressions for exponential functions		upon by checking that they have their portion correct which will lead to success.  Above Proficiency: These students should take the lead and be able to teach their problems.  Approaching/Emerging Proficiency: These students should be able to contribute and be challenged by the students teaching their problems.  Modalities/Learning Preferences: visual, auditory, handson  Behavior Expectations- (systems, strategies, procedures specific to the lesson, rules and expectations, etc.)  Students should be respectful and taking notes when their classmates are presenting			
Objective(s) Students will understand and apply their knowledge to exponential growth and decay functions.  Bloom's Taxonomy Cognitive Level: synthesis					
Classroom Management- (grouping(s), movement/transitions, etc.)  I will use purposeful proximity, be sure to control what students are saying and doing during someone's presentation. I will use the attention getter if need be between students' problems.					
Minutes			ocedures		
5		ave groups and computers re			
3	Engage: (opening activity/ anticipatory Set – access prior learning / stimulate interest /generate questions, etc.)  Welcome the students to class remind them of the project they were working on and let them get into their groups to begin working.				
5	Explain: (concepts, procedures, vocabulary, etc.) I will be sure to remind students the proper way to give a presentation. I will explain in between groups presenting to clarify and summarize what they presented.				
40	Explore: (independent, concreate practice/application with relevant learning task -connections from content to real-life experiences, reflective questions- probing or clarifying questions)  I will have 5-10 minutes for the groups to finish researching and getting their problems ready to present. Then with the remaining 30-35 minutes the groups will present their exponential growth or decay problems.				

### Review (wrap up and transition to next activity):

I will take two minutes to wrap up and thank the students for doing this. I will remind them that we are reviewing tomorrow and then taking the test the following day.

## Formative Assessment: (linked to objectives) Progress monitoring throughout lesson- clarifying questions, check- in strategies, etc.

I will be sure to ask groups to touch on things they didn't cover or that I would like them to explain more about. I will require the students to be taking notes during the presentations.

### Consideration for Back-up Plan:

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If students aren't paying attention, then I will ask for the notes and the problems from each group.

### Summative Assessment (linked back to objectives)

End of lesson: The presentation.

#### If applicable- overall unit, chapter, concept, etc.:

These skills will be needed for the test.

Reflection (What went well? What did the students learn? How do you know? What changes would you make?):

How long did the presentations take? Did the students learn from this? Did the students listening to the presentation gain knowledge from the many different examples?